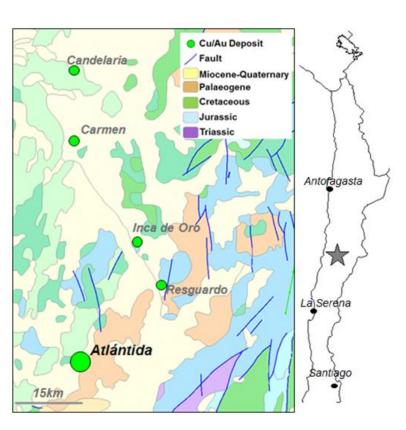


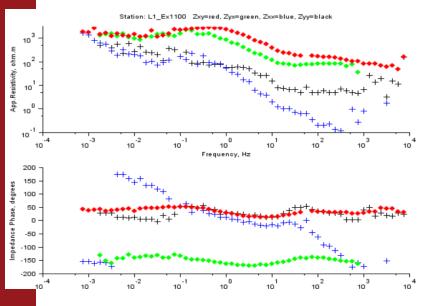


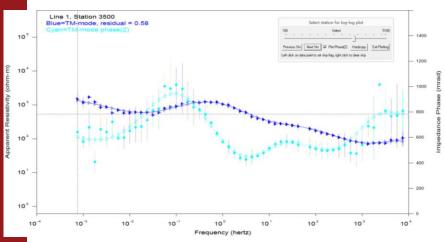
- Located in Region III of Northern Chile, part of group of Up Cret. Cu/Au porphyry deposits
- Entirely "blind" discovery by Inmet Chile targeting IP anomalism under gravels (2010)
- Au-rich, low Cu grades, important skarn contribution
- Depth to mineralisation (>200m) and low grade make for marginal economics
- Important test-site for undercover exploration techniques

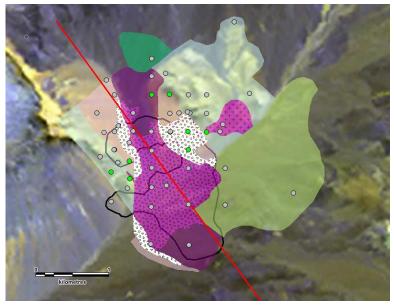












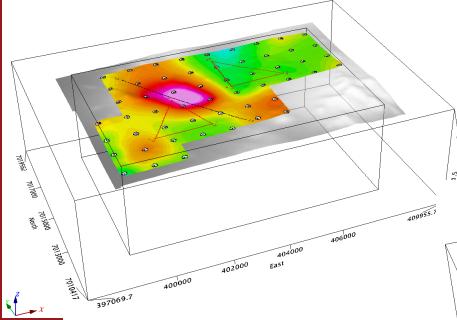
Examples of MT data (upper left) and model fits to the MT data (lower left) from the MT data over the Atlantida Cu/Au Porphyry

In upper figure the projected Cu ore shell is shown (black) beneath the cross-cutting survey line (red)



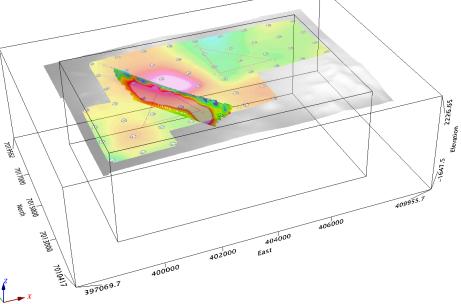
Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry SOUTHERNROCK





Averaged Vector Induced Polarization Chargeability covering an area of 9x6km (1km grid of stations)

Chargeability

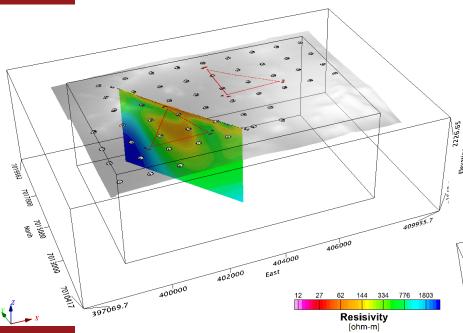


2D Inversion Chargeability Section of Deep Pole-Dipole Induced Polarization Chargeability extending to about 1km depth through the centre of the Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry



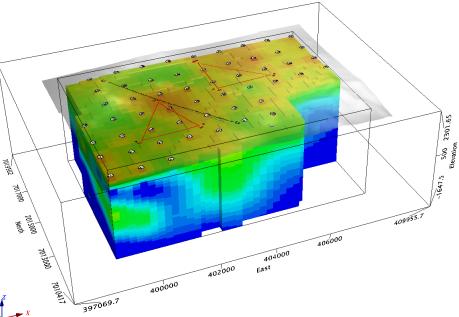
Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry SOUTHERNROCK





2D Inversion Resistivity Section of Magneto-Telluric (MT) data cut to a depth of 3km through the centre of the Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry

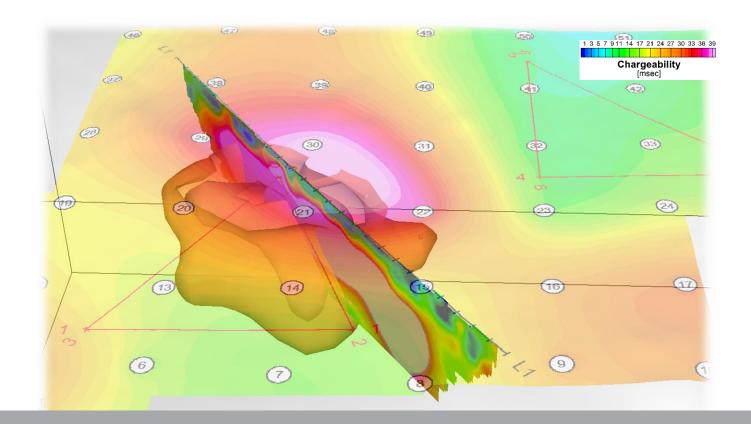
Voxel of 1D Inversion Resistivity models of Magneto-Telluric (MT) data cut to a depth of about 3km from a grid of 1km spaced stations





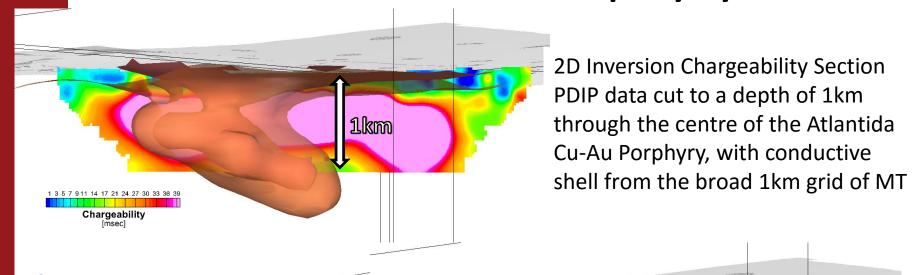


2D Inversion Chargeability section (PDIP) beneath broad Vector IP chargeability map, with isosurfaces of conductive body defined by the 1km spaced MT survey well-correlated to the Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry









2D Inversion Resistivity Section of Magneto-Telluric (MT) data cut to a depth of 3km through the centre of the Atlantida Cu-Au Porphyry, with conductive shell from the broad 1km grid of MT

Resisivity

1km